

# design of rc structures notes Workbook

**Design of RC structures notes** serves as a comprehensive guide for civil engineering students, practitioners, and professionals involved in the planning, analysis, and construction of reinforced concrete (RC) structures. Reinforced concrete remains one of the most widely used construction materials worldwide due to its durability, strength, and versatility. Proper understanding and application of the principles involved in the design of RC structures are essential to ensure safety, serviceability, and economic efficiency. This article aims to provide an in-depth overview of the key concepts, methodologies, and principles encapsulated in the notes related to the design of reinforced concrete structures.

## Introduction to RC Structures

Reinforced concrete structures combine the compressive strength of concrete with the tensile strength of steel reinforcement, creating a composite material capable of withstanding various loads and stresses. The primary components of RC structures include beams, columns, slabs, foundations, and walls.

## Types of RC Structures

Reinforced concrete structures can be classified based on their functions and forms:

- Beams and Frames
- Slabs (one-way and two-way)
- Columns and Pillars
- Foundations (pad, strip, raft, pile)
- Retaining Walls

## Basic Principles of RC Design

Designing RC structures involves satisfying multiple criteria, including strength, serviceability, durability, and economy. The notes on RC design emphasize an iterative process involving analysis, design, and detailing.

## Strength and Serviceability

- Strength: Ensuring the structure can withstand maximum expected loads without failure.

- Serviceability: Ensuring that deflections, cracks, and vibrations stay within acceptable limits for functionality and aesthetics.

## Load Considerations

Design loads are categorized as:

- Dead loads (self-weight of structure, superimposed dead loads)
- Live loads (occupancy, furniture, equipment)
- Environmental loads (wind, seismic, temperature effects)

## Analysis of RC Structures

Analysis involves determining internal forces (bending moments, shear forces, axial forces) resulting from applied loads.

## Methods of Analysis

- Approximate methods: simple methods like portal frame analysis, cantilever analysis.
- Exact methods: moment distribution, matrix methods, finite element analysis for complex structures.

## Load Combinations

Design standards specify load combinations to account for various scenarios, such as:

- Dead + Live load
- Dead + Live + Wind load
- Dead + Live + Seismic load

## Design Principles and Codes

Design of RC structures is governed by codes and standards, such as IS 456:2000 (Indian Standard), ACI codes, or Eurocode, which specify limits, safety factors, and detailing requirements.

## Limit State Method

This method ensures that structures meet safety and serviceability criteria:

- Ultimate Limit State (ULS): Ensures safety against collapse.
- Serviceability Limit State (SLS): Ensures usability without excessive deformation or cracking.

## Design Philosophy

The notes highlight the importance of:

- Designing for strength first, then checking serviceability
- Using appropriate safety factors and partial safety factors
- Implementing crack control and durability considerations

## Design of Structural Elements

The core of RC notes focuses on the detailed design procedures for individual structural components.

### Design of Beams

- Flexural Design: Calculation of bending moments and required reinforcement.
- shear Design: Shear force calculations and shear reinforcement detailing.
- Shear Reinforcement: Use of stirrups, bent-up bars.

### Design of Slabs

- One-way slabs: Reinforcement in one direction, span-to-depth ratio considerations.
- Two-way slabs: Reinforcement in both directions, using theories like the direct design method or equivalent frame method.

### Design of Columns

- Axial load capacity: Based on axial compression.
- Combined axial and bending: Interaction diagrams and capacity checks.
- Reinforcement detailing: To resist buckling, shear, and axial forces.

### Design of Foundations

- Isolated footing, combined footing, raft foundation.
- Design considerations: Bearing capacity, settlement, and overturning resistance.

## Reinforcement Detailing and Construction Aspects

Proper detailing ensures the structural integrity and durability of RC structures.

### Reinforcement Detailing

- Lap lengths: To ensure proper load transfer.
- Development length: To develop the required steel stress.
- Clear cover: To prevent corrosion and fire damage.
- Hooks and bends: For anchorage and load transfer.

### Construction Considerations

- Quality of materials (concrete and steel).
- Casting and curing procedures.
- Structural safety during construction.

## Durability and Maintenance

Design notes emphasize durability considerations, including:

- Protection against corrosion
- Waterproofing measures
- Control of cracking
- Maintenance schedules

## Recent Advances and Modern Techniques

Technological developments have influenced RC design:

- Use of high-performance concrete
- Pre-stressed concrete techniques
- Finite element analysis for complex structures
- Building Information Modeling (BIM)

## Summary and Key Takeaways

- The design of RC structures requires a balance between strength, serviceability, durability, and economy.
- Proper analysis and adherence to codes are fundamental.
- Detailing plays a crucial role in the performance and safety of structures.
- Continuous advancements improve safety, efficiency, and sustainability.

## Conclusion

The notes on the design of RC structures serve as an essential resource for understanding the fundamental principles, procedures, and standards involved in creating safe and durable concrete structures. Mastery of these notes enables engineers to develop innovative and reliable designs that meet modern construction demands. Whether it is designing small residential buildings or large infrastructure projects, the core concepts outlined in these notes are universally applicable and crucial for successful structural engineering practice.

Note: To maximize learning, students and practitioners are advised to complement these notes with practical exercises, recent code updates, and software tools for analysis and design.

Design of RC Structures Notes: A Comprehensive Guide to Reinforced Concrete Structural Design

Reinforced Concrete (RC) structures form the backbone of modern civil engineering, providing durable, economical, and versatile solutions for a wide range of construction projects. Mastery over the design of RC structures notes is essential for structural engineers aiming to develop safe, efficient, and sustainable structures. This detailed review delves into the fundamental principles, design methodologies, materials, and practical considerations involved in RC structural design, serving as an invaluable resource for students, educators, and practicing engineers alike.

## Introduction to Reinforced Concrete Structures

Reinforced concrete combines the compressive strength of concrete with the tensile strength of steel reinforcement to resist various loads and forces. This synergy allows for the creation of complex, load-bearing structures capable of withstanding environmental and operational stresses.

Key Aspects:

- Advantages of RC Structures:
- High compressive strength

- Good ductility
  - Fire resistance
  - Flexibility in design
  - Cost-effectiveness
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- Common Types of RC Structures:
  - Beams and girders
  - Slabs
  - Columns
  - Foundations
  - Retaining walls
  - Shells and domes

Understanding the fundamental behavior of these elements under various loads is critical to effective design.

## Materials Used in RC Structures

The strength and durability of RC structures heavily depend on the quality of materials used.

### Concrete

- Types:
- Normal strength concrete
- High-strength concrete
- Lightweight concrete
- Reinforced concrete with additives (e.g., fly ash, silica fumes)
- Properties:
- Compressive strength ( $f'_c$ )
- Workability
- Durability
- Setting time
- Design Considerations:
- Mix proportions
- Curing methods
- Aggregate quality

### Steel Reinforcement

- Types:
- Mild steel bars
- Deformed bars (e.g., TMT bars)
- Prestressing tendons
- Properties:
- Yield strength ( $f_y$ )
- Tensile strength
- Ductility
- Bond strength with concrete
- Reinforcement Details:
- Diameter
- Spacing
- Cover thickness

## Basic Principles of RC Structural Design

Designing RC structures involves ensuring safety, serviceability, and economy. The process follows a systematic approach based on fundamental principles.

### Limit State Method

- Ensures structures perform satisfactorily under ultimate and service loads.
- Considers two main limit states:
- Ultimate Limit State (ULS): Structural failure or collapse.
- Serviceability Limit State (SLS): Deflections, cracking, or vibrations beyond acceptable limits.

### Load Considerations

- Dead Loads (DL): Self-weight of structural elements, fixtures.
- Live Loads (LL): Variable loads like occupancy, furniture.
- Environmental Loads: Wind, seismic, thermal effects.
- Factored Loads: Load combinations with safety factors as per codes.

### Design Philosophy

- Strength Design: Ensuring the structure can resist maximum expected loads.
- Serviceability Design: Ensuring deflections, cracking, and vibrations are within permissible limits.

## Structural Analysis of RC Elements

Effective design begins with analyzing the response of structural elements under various loads.

### Beams

- Bending moment distribution
- Shear forces
- Deflection calculations
- Analysis methods: Moment distribution, slope-deflection, finite element methods

### Columns

- Axial loads combined with bending moments
- P- $\delta$  effects
- Stability considerations
- Analysis approaches: Euler's buckling, second-order effects

### Slabs

- Bending behavior
- Shear and deflection considerations
- Types: One-way, two-way slabs

### Foundations

- Bearing capacity
- Settlement analysis
- Design for overturning and sliding

## Design of Reinforced Concrete Elements

Designing RC elements involves determining the appropriate reinforcement to resist the calculated moments and forces.

### Design of Beams

- Calculation of Bending Moments:
- Using load combinations
- Considering span and loading conditions
- Reinforcement Design:
- Tension reinforcement (bottom bars)
- Compression reinforcement (top bars, if negative moments)
- Design Steps:
  
- Calculate the factored bending moment ( $M_u$ ).
- Determine the section's effective depth ( $d$ ).
- Use the limit state equations to find required steel area ( $A_{st}$ ).
- Provide reinforcement with appropriate spacing and cover.
  
- Details:
- Development length
- Shear reinforcement (stirrups)
- Detailing for ductility and crack control

## Design of Columns

- Axial and Bending Resistance:
- Combine axial load ( $P_u$ ) with moments ( $M_u$ )
- Design Procedure:
  
- Determine axial load capacity.
- Calculate moment capacity considering axial load.
- Provide reinforcement to resist combined stresses.
  
- Additional Considerations:
- Ties and links for confinement
- Minimum and maximum reinforcement ratios
- Detailing for ductility and fire resistance

## Design of Slabs

- Design for Bending:
- Use span and loading to compute moments
- Provide reinforcement in the tension zone
- Distribution of Reinforcement:
- Mesh reinforcement for two-way slabs
- Ribbed or flat slabs considerations

## Design of Foundations

- Check for bearing capacity and settlement
- Design reinforcement for uplift, bending, and shear
- Include provisions for settlement control and durability

## Design Codes and Standards

Designing RC structures must adhere to national and international standards to ensure safety and uniformity.

### Indian Standards (IS Codes)

- IS 456:2000 ? Code of Practice for Plain and Reinforced Concrete
- IS 13920:2016 ? Ductile Detailing of Reinforced Concrete Structures
- IS 875 series ? Loading standards
- IS 1343: Specification for TMT bars

### International Standards

- ACI 318: Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete
- Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures
- BS 8110: Structural use of concrete (now largely replaced by Eurocode)

Adherence to these codes involves following prescribed procedures for load combinations, material properties, detailing, and safety factors.

## Reinforcement Detailing and Construction Practices

Proper detailing ensures structural safety and serviceability while facilitating construction.

## Reinforcement Detailing

- Bar placement: Cover, anchorage lengths, lap splices
- Spacing: To prevent congestion and ensure proper concrete flow
- Hooks and bends: For anchorage and load transfer
- Development length: Calculated based on bar diameter and concrete strength
- Crack control: Using adequate reinforcement and cover

## Construction Considerations

- Accurate formwork
- Quality control of materials
- Proper curing to achieve desired strength
- Inspection and testing of reinforcement

## Practical Aspects and Common Challenges

While theoretical design forms the core, real-world constraints influence the final output.

Challenges Include:

- Variability in material quality
- Construction tolerances
- Load estimation inaccuracies
- Seismic and wind considerations
- Durability requirements
- Cost optimization

Engineers must balance safety, economy, and constructability, often iterating between analysis and detailing.

## Recent Trends and Advances in RC Design

The field of RC structural design is evolving with innovations:

- Use of High-Performance Concrete (HPC) for enhanced durability
- Application of Fiber-Reinforced Polymers (FRP) for retrofitting

- Sustainable design practices, including recycled aggregates
- Integration of Building Information Modeling (BIM) for precise planning
- Seismic design innovations for better ductility and energy dissipation

## Summary and Key Takeaways

- The design of RC structures notes encompass a broad spectrum of principles, from material selection to detailed reinforcement detailing.
- Safety and serviceability are the twin pillars guiding design decisions.
- Understanding load paths, analysis methods, and code requirements forms the foundation.
- Practical detailing and construction practices are crucial for realizing theoretical designs.
- Staying updated with evolving standards and technological innovations enhances design quality.

In conclusion, mastery over the design of RC structures notes demands a thorough understanding of structural analysis, material behavior, design principles, code compliance, and practical considerations. This comprehensive knowledge ensures the development of resilient, economical, and sustainable RC structures capable of serving society for generations to come.

**Question** What are the key considerations in the design of RC structures? **Answer** Key considerations include load analysis, material properties, structural safety, serviceability limits, durability, and adherence to relevant codes and standards such as IS codes. How do you determine the appropriate reinforcement in RC beams? Reinforcement is determined based on bending moment calculations, material strength, and code provisions, ensuring adequate steel area to resist moments while maintaining serviceability and safety criteria. What is the significance of load combinations in RC structure design? Load combinations account for various load scenarios, including dead loads, live loads, wind, and seismic forces, ensuring the structure can safely withstand all possible load conditions. How is crack width control incorporated into the design of RC structures? Crack width control is achieved through proper detailing of reinforcement, limiting reinforcement spacing, using appropriate concrete cover, and selecting suitable materials to minimize crack widths and ensure durability. What are the common methods used for designing RC slabs? Common methods include the ultimate load method, working stress method, and limit state method, with the limit state method being the most widely adopted in modern design practices to ensure safety and serviceability.

**Related keywords:** reinforced concrete design, RC structural analysis, concrete design principles, structural engineering notes, RC beam design, RC column design, load calculations, reinforcement detailing, structural analysis methods, building codes for RC structures

## Charlotte And Peter Fiell

**Charlotte and Peter Fiell** are renowned figures in the world of design, architecture, and contemporary visual culture. Their collaborative work as authors, researchers, and curators has significantly influenced how we perceive design history and its impact on modern society. With a keen eye for detail and a passion for uncovering the stories behind iconic objects and movements, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have established themselves as authoritative voices in the field. This article delves into their backgrounds, contributions, notable publications, and their lasting influence on design scholarship.

### Who Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell?

#### Background and Career Overview

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are British design historians and authors celebrated for their extensive work on design history and contemporary design trends. Their collaborative efforts have resulted in numerous influential publications that are widely used by students, professionals, and enthusiasts alike.

Charlotte Fiell's academic background is rooted in art and design history, which she has combined with her keen interest in the cultural aspects of design. Peter Fiell, on the other hand, is recognized for his expertise in design criticism and his ability to contextualize design within broader social and cultural frameworks.

Together, they have spent decades researching, writing, and curating exhibitions that highlight the evolution of design from the early modern period to the present day.

### Major Contributions to Design Literature

#### Key Publications

The Fiells are perhaps best known for their comprehensive and visually engaging books that explore various facets of design. Some of their most influential publications include:

- **Design of the 20th Century** ? A definitive guide that chronicles the development of design over the last hundred years, covering everything from industrial design to graphic arts.
- **1000 Lights** ? An extensive survey of lighting design, showcasing innovations and iconic fixtures from around the world.
- **Furniture Design** ? An in-depth look at the evolution of furniture, highlighting key designers and

movements that shaped modern interiors.

- **Design Culture: An Anthology** ? A collection of essays and case studies that examine the cultural significance of design across different eras and regions.

Their books are characterized by their rich visual content, combining high-quality photographs, detailed illustrations, and insightful analysis, making them invaluable resources for understanding the history and significance of design.

## Curatorial and Exhibition Work

Beyond their publications, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have curated numerous exhibitions that have traveled worldwide. These exhibitions often serve as visual narratives that bring their written work to life, engaging audiences with immersive experiences.

Some notable exhibitions include:

- Modern Masters: Design in the 20th Century ? Showcasing key works from influential designers.
- Lighting the Future ? Exploring innovations in lighting technology and design.
- Furniture of the 21st Century ? Highlighting contemporary trends and emerging designers.

Their curatorial work emphasizes the importance of storytelling in design and underscores the social, cultural, and technological factors that influence creative practices.

## Their Approach to Design History

### Interdisciplinary Perspective

Charlotte and Peter Fiell advocate for an interdisciplinary approach to understanding design. They believe that design cannot be studied in isolation but must be contextualized within cultural, political, and technological frameworks.

This perspective allows their work to:

- Connect design movements with historical events.
- Analyze the societal impact of technological innovations.
- Explore the ways design reflects cultural identities.

### Visual Emphasis

A hallmark of their publications is the emphasis on visual content. They understand that design is a highly visual discipline, and their books are often praised for their stunning imagery that complements scholarly analysis.

This visual focus:

- Enhances reader engagement.
- Provides a comprehensive understanding of design objects.
- Inspires designers and enthusiasts alike.

## **Influence and Legacy**

### **Educational Impact**

Charlotte and Peter Fiell's work has become standard reading in design education worldwide. Their books are frequently cited in university courses on design history, industrial design, and visual culture.

Their clear explanations and rich visuals make complex subject matter accessible to students and newcomers to the field.

### **Inspiring Contemporary Designers**

Many modern designers cite the Fiells' publications as sources of inspiration. Their detailed case studies and historical insights help emerging designers appreciate the roots of their craft and the evolution of design principles.

### **Promoting Design Awareness**

Through their exhibitions and writings, the Fiells have helped raise public awareness about the importance of design in everyday life. They emphasize that good design is not only functional but also culturally meaningful and aesthetically compelling.

## **Notable Awards and Recognitions**

Over the years, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have received numerous accolades for their contributions to design scholarship and publishing, including:

- Design awards from major institutions.

- Recognition for their influence in curatorial practices.
- Honorary mentions for promoting design literacy worldwide.

## Conclusion

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are pivotal figures in the understanding and appreciation of design. Their work bridges scholarly research and popular engagement, making complex design histories accessible and compelling. Whether through their meticulously researched books, inspiring exhibitions, or educational initiatives, they continue to shape the discourse around design's role in culture and society. For anyone interested in the evolution of design or seeking to deepen their appreciation of creative innovation, exploring the work of Charlotte and Peter Fiell offers valuable insights and inspiration.

**Keywords:** Charlotte and Peter Fiell, design history, design books, design exhibitions, influential designers, contemporary design, visual culture, design education, industrial design, furniture design, lighting design

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are renowned names in the world of design, architecture, and contemporary culture. Their collaborative work as authors, curators, and commentators has significantly shaped how audiences engage with design history and innovation. This dynamic duo's influence extends across numerous publications, exhibitions, and educational initiatives, making them pivotal figures for anyone interested in the evolution of design and its cultural implications. In this guide, we'll explore their backgrounds, key contributions, notable publications, and the enduring impact they have had on the field of design.

### Who Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell?

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are a married couple with a shared passion for design. Their combined expertise spans decades, during which they have authored influential books, curated exhibitions, and contributed to scholarly discussions on design's role in society. Their work often blurs the lines between academic analysis and accessible storytelling, making complex topics approachable for both specialists and general readers.

### Backgrounds and Expertise

- Charlotte Fiell: Charlotte has a background rooted in design history and cultural studies. Her focus often emphasizes contemporary design movements and their socio-cultural contexts.
- Peter Fiell: With a robust background in industrial design and architecture, Peter's insights

frequently delve into design innovation, craftsmanship, and technological advancements.

Together, their complementary skills allow them to craft comprehensive narratives that contextualize design within broader historical, technological, and cultural frameworks.

## Major Contributions and Notable Works

### Influential Publications

The Fiell couple has authored and edited numerous books that have become staples in the fields of design and architecture. Some of their most notable publications include:

- "1000 Chairs" (2002): An exhaustive survey of chair design, exploring its evolution from functional object to icon of style and artistic expression.
- "Design of the 20th Century" (1999): A comprehensive overview of the century's most influential designers, movements, and innovations.
- "The Story of Design" (2012): A richly illustrated narrative tracing the history of design from prehistory to the digital age.
- "Fashion Design": Exploring the trajectory of fashion as an integral aspect of cultural expression and innovation.
- "The FIELL Collection": A series highlighting iconic design pieces, offering insights into their creation and significance.

### Curatorial and Exhibition Work

Beyond their writing, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have curated numerous exhibitions showcasing design history and contemporary innovation. Their curatorial approach often emphasizes storytelling, contextualizing objects within cultural and societal shifts.

### Educational Impact

Their work has been influential in academic settings, inspiring curricula, lectures, and seminars that

introduce students and professionals alike to the richness of design history.

### The Fiell Approach to Design

The Fiell duo's methodology combines rigorous research with engaging storytelling. They aim to:

- Make Design Accessible: Simplify complex concepts without sacrificing depth, making design history approachable for a broad audience.
- Highlight Cultural Contexts: Emphasize how design reflects, influences, and responds to societal changes.
- Showcase Innovation: Celebrate the creative process behind iconic objects, emphasizing craftsmanship, technology, and artistic vision.
- Foster Appreciation for Craftsmanship: Recognize the skill and artistry involved in design, encouraging respect for both historical and contemporary designers.

### Key Themes in Their Work

#### - The Evolution of Design

Charlotte and Peter Fiell trace how design has evolved over centuries, influenced by technological advancements, cultural shifts, and economic factors. From early craftsmanship to mass production and digital design, they highlight pivotal moments and figures.

#### - The Intersection of Art and Function

Their work often explores how functional objects become symbols of aesthetic movement, reflecting societal values and individual identity.

#### - Sustainability and Future Trends

Recent writings emphasize the importance of sustainable design and innovation in addressing

global challenges, positioning the Fiell couple as forward-thinking commentators.

### - Design as a Cultural Phenomenon

They argue that design is not merely about objects but is deeply intertwined with cultural narratives, politics, and social change.

### Influence and Legacy

Charlotte and Peter Fiell have played a crucial role in elevating the discourse around design, blending scholarly rigor with popular appeal. Their publications are widely used in academic courses, while their exhibitions and public talks inspire a broader appreciation for design's role in shaping human experience.

### Key Contributions to the Field

- Bridging Academic and Popular Audiences: Their work makes scholarly insights accessible, fostering a wider appreciation.

- Documenting Design History: Their comprehensive catalogs serve as essential references.

- Encouraging Critical Engagement: They challenge audiences to consider design's impact on society and the environment.

### Conclusion: The Enduring Impact of Charlotte and Peter Fiell

In sum, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have established themselves as influential voices in the study and celebration of design. Their collaborative efforts have produced a body of work that is both academically rigorous and broadly accessible, shaping how we understand the history, present, and future of design. Whether through their books, exhibitions, or lectures, they continue to inspire new generations of designers, historians, and enthusiasts to appreciate the artistry, innovation, and cultural significance of design objects and movements.

Their legacy underscores the idea that design is not just about aesthetics but a vital part of human culture—an ongoing dialogue between function, form, and society. As the world faces new challenges and opportunities, the insights and enthusiasm of Charlotte and Peter Fiell remain vital sources of inspiration and knowledge in the ever-evolving landscape of design.

**Question** Who are Charlotte and Peter Fiell in the design world? Charlotte and Peter Fiell are renowned design historians, authors, and curators known for their influential books and contributions to design education and appreciation. What are some notable works by Charlotte and Peter Fiell? Their notable works include 'Design of the 20th Century', 'Furniture Design', and 'The Story of Graphic Design', which are widely regarded as essential references in the field. How have Charlotte and Peter Fiell influenced design history? Through their comprehensive publications and exhibitions, they have significantly shaped the understanding and appreciation of modern and contemporary design worldwide. Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell involved in any design exhibitions? Yes, they have curated numerous exhibitions on design topics, showcasing their expertise and promoting design awareness in museums and galleries globally. What is the focus of Charlotte and Peter Fiell's writing? Their writing primarily focuses on the history, evolution, and cultural impact of design, covering areas like furniture, graphic design, and industrial design. Have Charlotte and Peter Fiell received any awards for their work? Yes, they have received several awards and honors recognizing their contributions to design scholarship and publishing. Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell involved in teaching or academic work? While primarily known as authors and curators, they have also contributed to academic programs and lectures related to design history. Where can I find the works of Charlotte and Peter Fiell? Their books are available in major bookstores, online retailers, and libraries, and their exhibitions have been held at prominent museums worldwide. What impact have Charlotte and Peter Fiell had on design education? They have influenced design education by providing comprehensive resources and inspiring new generations of designers and historians. Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell still active in the design community? As of the latest information, they continue to contribute through writing, curating, and participating in design discussions and events.

**Related keywords:** design, architecture, interior design, furniture, lighting, visual inspiration, design authors, modern design, Scandinavian design, design books

**Read the full article online:** [Charlotte And Peter Fiell](#)